

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of **KATALINE CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED**

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **KATALINE CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED** which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2025, and the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Cash Flows and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of Significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2025, and its Loss for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

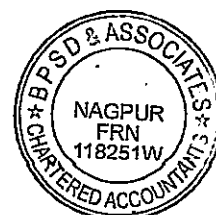
Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Emphasis of Matter

If based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there are matters which need our emphasis in our report; we are required to report those matters.

We draw attention to the following matter:



- Under Note 7 – Trade Payables, the company has reported Rs. 240.69 Lakhs of trade payables out of which trade payables of Rs. 10.15 Lakhs are outstanding for more than two years and Rs. 230.54 Lakhs are outstanding for more than three years. These balances are subject to independent review by the management and reconfirmation and reconciliation with the creditor.
- Under Note 11 – Trade Receivables, the company has reported trade receivables amounting to Rs. 81.78 Lakhs that are outstanding for more than three years. These balances are subject to independent review by the management and reconfirmation and reconciliation with respective debtors.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of other information. The other information comprise the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not include the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Other Information is materially misstated; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management and Those charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process

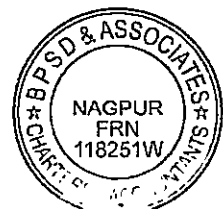


Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that our audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatement can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism through the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omission, misrepresentation, or override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statement represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in

- i. planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and
- ii. to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable related safeguards. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matter: (Not Applicable since, the company does not have any branch)

We did not audit the financial statements/information of _____(number) branches included in the financial statements of the Company whose financial statements / financial information reflect total assets of Rs. _____ as at 31st March, 20XX and total revenues of Rs. _____ for the year ended on that date, as considered in the financial statements. The financial statements/information of these branches have been audited by the branch auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these branches, is based solely on the report of such branch auditors. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. The Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2020 ("the order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the company.
2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.



- b. In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books.
- c. The company does not have any branch offices and hence, reporting u/s 143(3)(c) of the Act is not applicable.
- d. The Balance Sheet, the Profit and Loss Statement, and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- e. In our opinion, the standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- f. Based on our audit procedures performed, and as could be ascertained, there are no financial transactions or matters having adverse effect on the functioning of the Company;
- g. On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2025, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2025, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- h. Based on our audit procedures performed, and as could be ascertained, we have nothing to report in relation to Section 143(3)(h) of the Act;
- i. Since the Company's turnover as per last audited financial statements is less than Rs.50 Crores and its borrowings from banks and financial institutions at any time during the year is less than Rs.25 Crores, the Company is exempted from getting an audit opinion with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls vide notification dated June 13, 2017;
- j. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investors Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv.
 - a. The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other



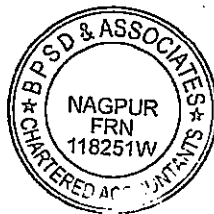
- persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- b. The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
- c. Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.
- vi. The reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is applicable from 1 April 2023. Based on our examination which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility. However, the same was not seen activated during the year. Therefore, we are unable to comment on the operating effectiveness of the same and on any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with. However, it does not have any material impact on the assertions being presented, which affects the true and fair view of the financial statements of the entity.

For & on behalf of
B P S D & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No: 118251W


CA SHANTANU DESHMUKH
Partner

Membership No.: 103837

UDIN: 250103837BMKVHT6352



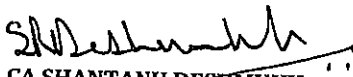
Place: Nagpur

Date: 04/08/2025

KATALINE CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED
Balance Sheet As At 31st March, 2025

		(Amount In Thousand Rs.)		
	Particulars	Note No.	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
I	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1	Shareholders Funds			
	(a) Share Capital	3	500.00	500.00
	(b) Reserves & Surplus	4	(1,702.60)	(1,581.45)
2	Share application money pending allotment		-	-
3	Non-Current Liabilities			
	(a) Long Term Borrowings	5	5,324.02	5,324.02
	(b) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	6	697.84	696.46
4	Current liabilities			
	(a) Short Term Borrowings		-	-
	(b) Trade Payables		-	-
	(c) Other Current Liabilities	7	24,069.36	24,069.36
	(d) Short Term Provisions	8	55.00	45.00
	TOTAL		28,943.63	29,053.40
II	ASSETS			
1	Non-Current Assets			
	(a) Fixed Assets			
	(i) Tangible Assets	9	15,838.36	16,161.37
	(b) Non-Current Investments	10	1,312.69	1,117.23
2	Current Assets			
	(a) Inventories		-	-
	(b) Trade Receivables		-	-
	(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents	11	8,178.00	8,178.00
	(d) Short-Term Loans and Advances	12	1,251.10	1,242.85
	(e) Other Current Assets	13	-	-
		14	2,363.49	2,353.95
	TOTAL		28,943.63	29,053.40
	Significant Accounting Policies	1, 2		
	Contingent Liabilities, Capital and Other Commitments			

As per our report of even date


CA SHANTANU DESHMUKH

Partner

Membership No. 103837

For & on behalf of

BPSD & ASSOCIATES

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 118251W

UDIN: 25103837BMKVHT6352

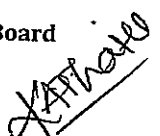
Place: Nagpur

Date: 04/08/2025




For and on behalf of the Board

Amit Thatte
DIN: 01525877


Ketaki Thatte
DIN: 01525878

KATALINE CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED
Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2025

		[Amount In Thousand Rs.]	
Particulars	Note No.	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
I Revenue From Operations	15	-	-
II Other Income	16	213.74	-
III Total Revenue (I+II)		213.74	-
IV Expenses:			
Cost of Materials Consumed	17	-	-
Employee Benefit Expense	18	-	-
Finance Costs	19	0.93	4.24
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	20	323.01	394.40
Other Expenses	21	10.00	10.00
Total Expenses		333.95	408.64
V Profit Before Exceptional and Extraordinary Items and Tax (III-IV)		(120.21)	(408.64)
VI Exceptional Items		-	-
VII Extraordinary Items	22	-	-
VIII Profit Before Tax (V-VI-VII)		(120.21)	(408.64)
IX Tax Expense:			
(1) Current Tax		-	-
(2) Deferred Tax	6	1.38	3.52
X Profit / (Loss) for the period (VIII-IX)		1.38	3.52
		(121.59)	(412.16)
XI Earnings per equity share (Amount in Rs.):	23		
(1) Basic (Rs./Share)		(2.43)	(8.24)
(2) Diluted (Rs./Share)		(2.43)	(8.24)

As per our report of even date

CA Shantanu Deshmukh
CA SHANTANU DESHMUKH
Partner

Membership No. 103837

For & on behalf of

B P S D & ASSOCIATES

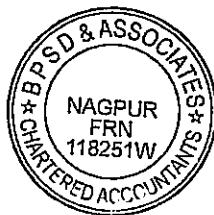
Chartered Accountants

FRN: 118251W

UDIN: 25203837BMKVHT6352

Place: Nagpur

Date: 04/08/2025



For and on behalf of the Board

Mr. Amit Thatte
Mr. Amit Thatte
DIN: 01525877

Mrs. Ketaki Thatte
Mrs. Ketaki Thatte
DIN: 01525878

KATALINE CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTE 1 -

Significant Accounting Policies & Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

GENERAL INFORMATION

Kataline Construction Technologies Private Limited (hereinafter known as "the Company") was incorporated on 7th August 2001. The Company is engaged in the business of sale, purchase, import, export of Road Marking Paints and supplementary Consumables. It is mainly engaged into the activity of application of the Road Marking Paints on contract Basis. The Company is exploring new areas of business activities and hence, has stopped its current business activities.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. AS-1: BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements are prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India. These financial statements have been prepared to comply in all material aspects with the accounting standards notified under section 133 read with rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and the other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization of cash and cash equivalents. The Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current – non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

B. AS-2: INVENTORY VALUATION

Items of Inventories i.e., Raw Materials, Work in Progress have been valued at Cost or Net Realizable Value whichever is lower. As at the balance sheet date, the company does not have any inventory.

C. AS-3: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, term deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

D. AS-5: USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities on the date of financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the period. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognized in the period in which the results are known/materialized.

E. AS-9: REVENUE RECOGNITION

- i. Revenue from the sale of service is recognized as when the provision of service gets completed and the invoice for the same is raised and certified.
- ii. Revenue from interest income is recognized on accrual basis.



Since the company is exploring new areas of business activities and has stopped its current business activities, no revenue has accrued to the company, except for interest income during the financial year 2024-25.

F. AS-10: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Fixed assets are stated at their original cost net of tax/duty credits availed, if any, less accumulated depreciation. Administrative and other general overhead expenses that are specifically attributable to construction or acquisition of fixed assets or bringing the fixed assets to working condition are allocated and capitalized as a part of cost of the fixed assets. In case of new projects and in case of substantial modernization or expansion, expenditure incurred including interest on borrowings and financing costs of specific loans, prior to commencement of commercial production is capitalized to the cost of assets.

DEPRECIATION:

Depreciation is provided on written down value method over the useful life of the assets based on the life of assets as prescribed in Part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Hence useful lives for these assets are as follows:

Sr. No.	Fixed Assets	Estimated Useful Life from Date of Capitalization
1	Factory Building	15 years
2	Office Equipment	3 – 15 years
3	Furniture and Fixture	10 years
4	Plant and Machinery	8 – 15 years
5	Vehicles	8 years

In respect of additions or extensions forming an integral part of existing assets and insurance spares, including incremental cost arising on account of translation of foreign currency liabilities for acquisition of Fixed Assets, depreciation is provided as aforesaid over the residual life of the respective assets.

G. AS-13: INVESTMENTS

Investments are classified into current and long-term investments. Current investments are stated at the lower of cost and fair value. Long-term investments are stated at cost. A provision for diminution is made to recognize a decline, other than temporary, separately for each individual long-term investment.

H. AS-15: RETIREMENT BENEFITS TO EMPLOYEES

i. Provident Fund:

Contributions made at the prescribed rates to the appropriate authority are accounted for on accrual basis.

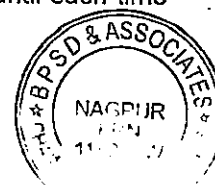
ii. Gratuity and Leave Encashment:

No provision for gratuity is made in the books of accounts. Expenses are recognized based on the amount of premium paid as a contribution to Group Gratuity Scheme.

During the current financial year, the company has not incurred any employee cost.

I. AS-16: BORROWING COST

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time



the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred. During the current financial year, the company does not have any borrowings or loans which carry interest costs and hence, reporting under AS – 16 is not applicable.

J. AS-20: EARNING PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to the equity shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

K. AS-22: TAXES ON INCOME – CURRENT AND DEFERRED

Current tax is recognized based on assessable profit computed in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and at the prevailing tax rates.

Deferred tax is recognized for all the timing differences, subject to the consideration of prudence in respect of deferred tax assets. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized and carried forward only to the extent that there is a reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. In situations where the Company has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax losses, all deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realized against future taxable profits. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date for any write down, as considered appropriate.

No provision towards Income Tax has been made during the year considering the relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Provision for Deferred Tax is made after considering the timing differences on account of depreciation under the Income Tax Rules, 1962 as depicted in Note 6 – Deferred Tax Liabilities.

L. AS-29: PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENCIES

The company creates a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of past events that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made, where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that probably will not require an outflow of resources or where a reliable estimate of obligation cannot be made.

M. AS-38: INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Assets identified as intangible assets will be stated at cost including incidental expenses thereto, if any. There are no intangible assets in the company as at the balance sheet date.



KATALINE CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED

NOTE 2 -

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

- 1) All amounts are in thousands (Rs.) unless otherwise specified. The figure "0" represent values less than one hundred.
- 2) Disclosures required by paragraphs 23, 24, 25 and 26, accounting standards 18 – "Related Party Disclosures" forming part of the notes to accounts for the period up to 31st March 2025.

a. Name of the related Parties and nature of relationship

i) Holding Company- NA

ii) Key Management Personnel

- a. Mr. Amit Thatte - Director
- b. Mrs. Ketaki Thatte - Director

iii) Associate Enterprises – Kataline Infra-Products Pvt. Ltd.

b. Details Of Transactions with Related Parties

Particulars	(Amount in Thousand Rs.)	
	31-Mar-2025	31-Mar-2024
a) Remuneration Paid/ Professional Fees Paid		
Key Management Personnel	-	-
Relative Of Key Management Personnel	-	-
b) Input services from Associate enterprises	-	-
c) Sale of Products to Associate enterprises	-	-
d) Purchase of Products from Associate Enterprise	-	-
e) Loan taken	-	2
Key Management Personnel	-	-
f) Loan Given	-	-
Associate Enterprise	-	-
g) Balance Outstanding at the year end	-	-
Key Management Personnel (Loan)	-	-
Joint Venture Enterprises (Advance)	-	-
	5,324 [Cr]	5,324 [Cr]

- 3) Disclosure on loans/ Advances to Directors, KMP & Related Parties:
The Company has not granted any loans/ advances to Directors, KMP & Related Parties.
- 4) Key Financial Ratios - The Company is exploring new areas of business activities and hence, has stopped its current business activities. As a result, no revenue has accrued to the company and hence, key financial ratios relating to working capital, inventory, trade receivables and trade payables are unascertainable.

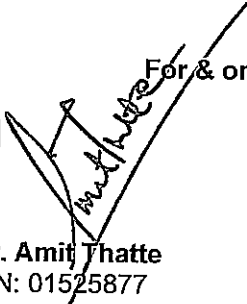


- 5) Payment to Auditor for Audit Fees for FY 2024-25 of Rs. 10,000 /-
- 6) Balances of certain debtors, creditors, deposits taken, loans & advances and deposits given are subject to reconciliation and confirmation. In the opinion of the management, the said reconciliations or confirmations will not materially affect the financial position and the financial performance of the Company under review.
- 7) Figures of previous year have been regrouped and rearranged wherever necessary to confirm with current year's classification.

For & on behalf of
B P S D & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 118251W


CA SHANTANU DESHMUKH
Partner
Membership No. 103837
UDIN: 25103837BMKUH16352




Mr. Amit Thatte
DIN: 01525877

For & on behalf of the Board


Mrs. Ketaki Thatte
DIN: 01525878

Place: Nagpur
Date: 04/08/2025

KATALINE CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED
Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Note 3 - Share Capital

3.1	Particulars	As At 31st March 2025		As At 31st March 2024	
		Number	Amount	Number	Amount
	Authorised				
	Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	50,000	5,00,000.00	50,000	5,00,000.00
	Issued				
	Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	50,000	5,00,000.00	50,000	5,00,000.00
	Subscribed & Paid up				
	Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	50,000	5,00,000.00	50,000	5,00,000.00
	Total	50,000	5,00,000.00	50,000	5,00,000.00

3.2 Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of reporting period

Particulars	As At 31st March 2025		As At 31st March 2024	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
At the beginning of the period	50,000	5,00,000.00	50,000	5,00,000.00
Add : Shares issued during the period	-	-	-	-
At the end of reporting period	50,000	5,00,000.00	50,000	5,00,000.00

3.3 Terms of equity shares -

- A) The Equity shares are issued at par having the face value of Rs. 10/- per share.
B) Voting Rights of Shareholders :- As per the number of shares held ranking pari passu in all respects.
C) In the event of Liquidation, the Equity Shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amount in proportion to their shareholding.

3.4 Name and number of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% shares

Name of shareholder	As At 31st March 2025		As At 31st March 2024	
	Number of shares held	% holding	Number of shares held	% holding
Equity Shares				
Mr. Amit Arvind Thatte	41,000	82.00%	41,000	82.00%
Mrs. Ketki Amit Thatte	9,000	18.00%	9,000	18.00%
Total	50,000	100.00%	50,000	100.00%



KATALINE CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED
Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Note 4 - Reserves & Surplus

(Amount In Thousand Rs.)			
4.1	Particulars	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
	Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	(1,581.45)	(1,901.42)
	Less: Prior Period Item	-	-
	Add : Income Tax Refund	0.43	732.14
	Add : Transfer from statement of Profit and Loss	(121.59)	(412.16)
	Balance at the end of the year	(1,702.60)	(1,581.45)

Note 5 - Long Term Borrowings

5.1

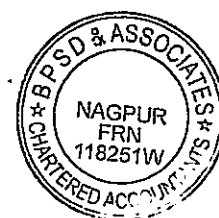
		(Amount In Thousand Rs.)	
Particulars	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024	
Secured:			
Terms Loans-			
i) From Banks	-	-	
Unsecured:			
i) From Bank	-	-	
ii) From Related Parties	-	-	
	5,324.02	5,324.02	
	5,324.02	5,324.02	
Total	5,324.02	5,324.02	

Note 6 - Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)

		(Amount In Thousand Rs.)	
6.1	Particulars	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
	Deferred Tax Liability		
	On account of -		
	Excess Depreciation as per Income Tax Act, 1961	697.84	696.46
	Net deferred tax Liabilities (Net)	697.84	696.46

Note 8 - Short Term Provisions

(Amount In Thousand Rs.)			
8.1	Particulars	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
	Audit Fees Payable	55.00	45.00
	Total	55.00	45.00



KATALINE CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED
Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Note 7 - Trade Payables

For FY 2024-25

(Amount In Thousand Rs.)

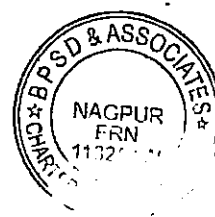
7.1	Particulars	Outstanding for following periods since due date of payment				Total
		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
	Trade Payables- Non Disputed	-	-	1,015.61	23,053.76	24,069.36
	Trade Payables- Disputed	-	-	-	-	-
						24,069.36

For FY 2023-24

(Amount In Thousand Rs.)

7.2	Particulars	Outstanding for following periods since due date of payment				Total
		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
	Trade Payables- Non Disputed	-	1,015.61	3,912.97	19,140.79	24,069.36
	Trade Payables- Disputed	-	-	-	-	-
						24,069.36

7.3 The details of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises under Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act), are not available with the Company.

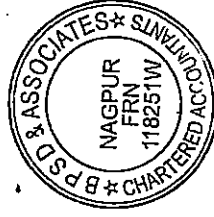


KATALINE CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED
Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Note 9 - Fixed Assets

(Amount in Rs. Thousands)

Sr.No.	Name of Fixed Assets	Gross Block					Depreciation			Net block as at 31.03.2024	Net block as at 31.03.2025
		As at 01/04/2024	Additions	Disposals/Write Off	Other Adjustments (Exchanges diff./Borrowing Cost)	Adjustments relating to earlier years	As at 31.03.2025	Depreciation for the year	Depreciation relating to earlier years	Disposals	As at 31.03.2025
(a)	Tangible Assets										
(b)	Land & Buildings	14,376.76	-	-	-	-	14,376.76	-	-	-	14,376.76
(c)	Plant & Machinery	24,386.63	-	-	-	-	24,386.63	323.01	-	-	1,451.60
(d)	Furniture & Fixtures	616.32	-	-	-	-	616.32	-	-	-	616.32
(e)	Vehicles	1,861.19	-	-	-	-	1,861.19	-	-	-	1,861.19
	Office Equipment	876.71	-	-	-	-	876.71	-	-	-	876.71
	Total	42,117.60	-	-	-	-	42,117.60	323.01	-	-	26,279.24
											15,838.36
	Previous Year's	42,117.60	-	-	-	-	42,117.60	394.40	-	-	25,956.23
											16,161.37
											16,555.77



KATALINE CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED
Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Note 10 - Non-Current Investments

		(Amount In Thousand Rs.)	
10.1	Particulars	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
	Investment in FDR	743.56	743.56
	Interest Accured on FDR	569.12	373.67
	Total	1,312.69	1,117.23

Note 12 - Cash & Cash Equivalents

		(Amount In Thousand Rs.)	
12.1	Particulars	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
	Balances with Banks		
	On Current Accounts	204.81	196.56
	Cash on Hand	1,046.29	1,046.29
	Total	1,251.10	1,242.85

Note 13 - Short Term Loans and Advances

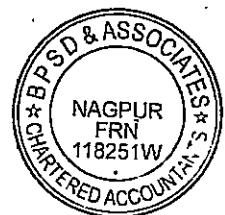
		(Amount In Thousand Rs.)	
13.1	Particulars	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
	Unsecured, Considered Good		
	Advance To Staff (Site Advance)	-	-
	Total	-	-

Note 14 - Other Current Asset

		(Amount In Thousand Rs.)	
14.1	Particulars	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
	Balance with Statutory Authorities	22.62	13.08
	GST Debit Balance	265.05	265.05
	Security and Other Deposits	653.43	653.43
	Earnest Money Deposit	1,272.39	1,272.39
	Deposits and Retention Money	150.00	150.00
	Total	2,363.49	2,353.95

14.2 Balance with Statutory Authorities Includes The Following :

TDS Receivable (AY 22-23)	6.19	6.19
TDS Receivable (AY 25-26)	9.54	-
Advance Tax Paid	6.89	6.89
Total	22.62	13.08



KATALINE CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED
Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Note 15 - Revenue From Operations

(Amount In Thousand Rs.)

15.1	Particulars	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
	Sale of Service		
	Works Contract & Labour Receipts	-	-
	Reimbursement of Expenses	-	-
	Revenue from operations (Gross)	-	-
	Less: Return/Discount	-	-
	Revenue from operations (Net)	-	-

Note 16 - Other Income

(Amount In Thousand Rs.)

16.1	Particulars	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
	Interest Income Earned On		
	Fixed Deposits	213.40	-
	Income Tax Refund	0.34	-
	Other Income	-	-
	Total	213.74	-

Note 17 - Cost of Materials Consumed

(Amount In Thousand Rs.)

17.1	Particulars	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
	In Case of Service Companies		
	Opening Stock of Consumable Materials	-	-
	Add : Purchases Consumables	-	-
	Less : Closing Stock of all Inventory	-	-
	Cost of Material Consumed	-	-

Note 18 - Employee Benefits Expense

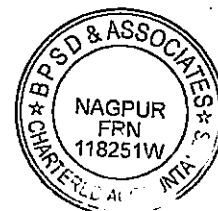
(Amount In Thousand Rs.)

18.1	Particulars	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
	Salaries, Wages & Bonus	-	-
	Contribution To Labour Welfare Fund	-	-
	Contribution To Provident and Other Fund	-	-
	Total	-	-

Note 19 - Finance Costs

(Amount In Thousand Rs.)

19.1	Particulars	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
	Interest Expenses	-	-
	Bank Charges	0.93	4.24
	Total	0.93	4.24



KATALINE CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED
Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Note 20 - Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses

(Amount In Thousand Rs.)

20.1	Particulars	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
	Depreciation on Tangible Assets	323.01	394.40
	Total	323.01	394.40

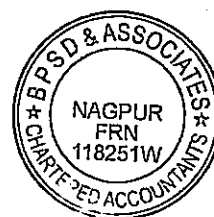
Note 21.- Other Expenses

(Amount In Thousand Rs.)

21.1	Particulars	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
	Other Direct Expenses		
	Labour Charges	-	-
	Administrative Expense	-	-
	Sales Tax Paid	-	-
	Site Expenses	-	-
	Sub Total	-	-
	Administration Expenses		
	Audit Fees	10.00	10.00
	Other Operating Expense	-	-
	Balances Written off	-	-
	Legal and Professional Fees Paid	-	-
	Office Expenses	-	-
	Tender Expense	-	-
	Electricity Expenses	-	-
	Flat Maintenance Expenses	-	-
	Sub Total	10.00	10.00
	Total	10.00	10.00

Breakup of payment made to auditors :

21.2	Particulars	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
	(a) Statutory Audit And Tax Audit Fees	10.00	10.00
	Total	10.00	10.00



KATALINE CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED
Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Note 22 - Extraordinary Items

(Amount In Thousand Rs.)

22.1	Particulars	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
	Balances Written Off		
	Debtor	-	-
	Creditor	-	-
	Deposits and Advances	-	-
	Statutory Dues	-	-
	Total	-	-

Note 23 - Earning Per Share

(Amount In Thousand Rs.)

23.1	Particulars	As At 31st March 2025	As At 31st March 2024
	Profit / (Loss) attributable to Equity Shareholders	(121.59)	(412.16)
	Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding at the end of the year (Nos)	50.00	50.00
	Basic Earning per Share (Rs./Share)	(2.43)	(8.24)

There are no in-the-money options, warrants, and other dilutive securities issued or outstanding during the financial year, the total number of diluted shares outstanding during the year is equals to the weighted average number of shares issued during the year. Hence, the Diluted EPS equals to Basic EPS in terms of AS 20 – Earning per share.



KATALINE CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED
Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2025

Note 11 - Trade receivables

For FY 2024-25

(Amount In Thousand Rs.)

11.1	Particulars	Outstanding for following periods since due date of payment					Total
		Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
	1. Undisputed Trade receivables- considered good	-	-	-	-	8,178.00	8,178.00
	2. Undisputed Trade Receivables- Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3. Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4. Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
							8,178.00

For FY 2023-24

(Amount In Thousand Rs.)

11.2	Particulars	Outstanding for following periods since due date of payment					Total
		Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
	1. Undisputed Trade receivables- considered good	-	-	-	1,227.86	6,950.14	8,178.00
	2. Undisputed Trade Receivables- Considered Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
	3. Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4. Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-
							8,178.00

